

#### PRODUCT DATASHEET

# ChemiBrite™ GPR120 Receptor Stable Cell Line

**CATALOG NUMBER: HTS225L** 

**CONTENTS**: 2 vials of mycoplasma-free cells, 1 ml per vial.

**STORAGE**: Vials are to be stored in liquid N<sub>2</sub>.

#### **BACKGROUND**

ChemiBrite cells express a novel variant of clytin, a calcium-activated photoprotein, to enable sensitive luminescent detection of ligand-induced calcium flux. The ChemiBrite version of clytin contains a mutation that increases its affinity for calcium to a level that permits detection of cytosolic calcium in many cells with greater sensitivity than other photoproteins targeted to the mitochondria. Luminescent calcium assays offer several advantages over fluorescent calcium assays including increased sensitivity and lack of interference from fluorescent compounds.

Oh et al. (2010) demonstrated that Omega-3 fatty acid administration to obese mice inhibited inflammation and enhanced insulin sensitivity, but these effects were absent in GPR120 knockout mice. GPR120 agonists may prove to be useful in suppression of chronic inflammation seen in obesity, which could reduce insulin resistance and help restore glucose control. A recent review suggests that the effects of marine n-3 fatty acids on inflammatory markers studied in healthy subjects, those at high risk for developing Cardiovascular Disease, and those with diagnosed Cardiovascular Disease are as yet not conclusive (Myhrstad et al. 2011). Cloned human GPR120 receptor-expressing ChemiBrite cells were made by stable transfection of HEK293 cells with ChemiBrite clytin and the GPR120 receptor. These stability-tested cells are ready for luminescent analysis of agonists, antagonists and modulators at the GPR120 receptor.

#### **USE RESTRICTIONS**

Please see Limited Use Label License Agreement (Label License Agreement) for further details.

#### WARNINGS

For Research Use Only; Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures Not for Animal or Human Consumption

#### **GMO**

This product contains genetically modified organisms.
Este producto contiene organismos genéticamente modificados.
Questo prodotto contiene degli organismi geneticamente modificati.
Dieses Produkt enthält genetisch modifizierte Organismen.
Ce produit contient organismes génétiquement des modifiés.
Dit product bevat genetisch gewijzigde organismen.
Tämä tuote sisältää geneettisesti muutettuja organismeja.
Denna produkt innehåller genetiskt ändrade organismer.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

Calcium Flux Assays: Luminescent Mode and Fluorescent Mode



#### APPLICATION DATA

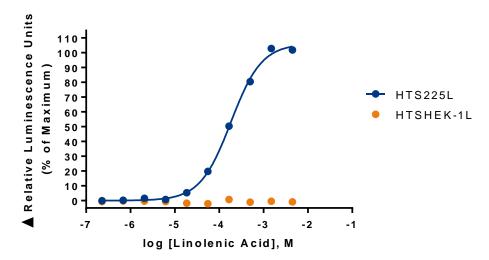


Figure 1. Representative data for activation of GPR120 receptor stably expressed in HEK293 cells induced by Linolenic Acid using a luminescent calcium flux assay. GPR120–expressing HEK293 cells were loaded with 10µM coelenterazine for 2h at room temperature and calcium flux in response to the indicated ligand was determined on a Molecular Devices FLIPR with ICCD camera in 96-well format with a final concentration of 0.5% DMSO. Similarly parental cells (catalog #: HTSHEK-1L) were tested to determine the specificity of the resulting signal.

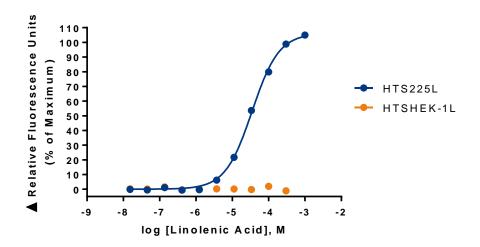


Figure 2. Representative data for activation of GPR120 receptor stably expressed in HEK293 cells induced by Linolenic Acid using a fluorescent calcium flux assay. GPR120–expressing HEK293 cells were seeded at 50,000 cells per well into a 96-well plate the following day the cells were loaded with a calcium dye. Calcium flux in response to the indicated ligand with a final concentration of 0.5% DMSO was determined on a Molecular Devices FLIPR TETRA® with ICCD camera. Similarly parental cells (catalog #: HTSHEK-1L) were tested to determine the specificity of the resulting signal.

Table I. EC<sub>50</sub> values of GPR120-expressing HEK293 cells.

LIGAND	ASSAY	POTENCY EC <sub>50</sub> (nM)	REFERENCE
Linolenic Acid	Calcium Flux - Luminescence	100	Eurofins Internal Data
Linolenic Acid	Calcium Flux - Fluorescence	40	Eurofins Internal Data

2



<sup>\*</sup> The cell line was tested and found to have equivalent EC<sub>50</sub> and signal at 1, 3 and 6 weeks of continuous culture by calcium flux luminescence. The Z' value, as defined with response to 4.5 mM Linolenic Acid is 0.6

#### **CELL CULTURE**

Table 2. Recommended Cell Culture Reagents (not provided)

Description Basal Medium	Component	Concentration	Supplier and Product Number
	DMEM/F12 medium	-	Gibco: 10565018
	Fetal Bovine Serum (FBS)	10%	Gibco: 1600044
	Non-Essential Amino Acids (NEAA)	1X	Hyclone: SH3023801
Selection Medium	Basal Medium (see above)	-	
	Puromycin	1 μg/ml	Gibco: A1113803
	Geneticin (G418)	400 µg/ml	Gibco:10131-027
Dissociation	Sterile PBS	-	Hyclone: SH30256.01
	0.05% Trypsin-EDTA	-	Hyclone: SH30236.01
CryoMedium	Basal Medium (see above)	40%	-
	Fetal Bovine Serum (FBS)	50%	Gibco: 1600044
	Dimethyl Sulfoxide (DMSO)	10%	Sigma: D2650

## **Cell handling**

- 1. Upon receipt, directly place cells in liquid nitrogen storage. Consistent cryopreservation is essential for culture integrity.
- 2. Prepare Basal Medium. Prepare 37°C Water Bath. Thaw cells rapidly by removing from liquid nitrogen, and immediately immersing in a 37°C water bath, until 90% thawed. Immediately sterilize the exterior of the vial with 70% ethanol.
- 3. Add vial contents to 15 mL Basal Medium in T75 Tissue Culture Treated Flask. Gently swirl flask and place in a humidified, tissue culture incubator, 37°C, 5% CO<sub>2</sub>.
- 4. 18-24 Hours Post–Thaw, all live cells should be attached. Viability of the cells is expected to be 60-90%, At this time, exchange Basal Medium with Selection Medium.
- 5. When cells are approximately 80% confluent, passage the cells. It is suggested that user expand culture to create >20 vial Master Cell Bank at low passage number. Cells should be maintained at less than 80% confluency for optimal assay results.
- 6. Cell Dissociation: Aspirate Culture Medium. Gently wash with 1x Volume PBS. Add 0.1x Volume Warm Trypsin-EDTA. Incubate 4 min, 37°C, until cells dislodge. *If cells do not round up, place in 37°C incubator for additional 2 min.* Neutralize Trypsin and collect cells in 1x Volume Basal Medium.
- 7. Seed Cells for expansion of culture. It is recommended that cell lines are passaged at least once before use in assays.

Table 3. Cell Culture Seeding Suggestions: User should define based on research needs.

Flask Size (cm <sup>2</sup> )	Volume (mL)	Total Cell Number (x10 <sup>6</sup> )	<b>Growth Period (hrs)</b>
T75	15	3.0	24
T75	15	2.0	48
T75	15	1.0	72
T150	30	4.0	24
T150	30	3.0	48



## **Discovery Services**

**T150** 30 2.0 72

## **ASSAY SETUP**

## Luminescence

Table 4. Settings for FLIPR TETRA® with ICCD camera option

Option	Setting
Read Mode	Luminescence
Ex/Em	None/None
Camera Gain	280,000
Gate Open	100 %
Exposure Time	0.9 sec
Read Interval	1 sec.
Dispense Volume	50 μl (25 μl for 384-well)
Dispense Height	95 μl (50 μl for 384-well)
Dispense Speed	50 µl/sec
Expel Volume	0 μΙ
Analysis	Subtract Bias Sample 1

## **Fluorescence**

Table 5. Settings for FLIPR  $^{\text{TETRA}}\!$  with ICCD camera option

Option	Setting	
Read Mode	Fluorescence	
Ex/Em	Ex470_495 / Em515_575	
Camera Gain	2000	
Gate Open	6 %	
Exposure Time	0.53	
Read Interval	1s	
Dispense Volume	50 μl (25 μl for 384-well)	
Dispense Height	95 μl (50 μl for 384-well)	
Dispense Speed	50 μl/sec	
Expel Volume	0 μΙ	
Analysis	Subtract Bias Sample 1	

## Table 6. Assay Materials (Not provided)

Description	Supplier and Product Number
HBSS	Invitrogen: 14025
HEPES 1M Stock	EMD Millipore: TMS-003-C
Probenicid	Sigma:P8761
Quest Fluo-8 <sup>™</sup> , AM	AAT Bioquest: 21080
Linolenic acid ligand	Sigma: L2376
Non-Binding 96/384 well Plates (for ligand prep)	Corning: 3605/ 3574
Black (clear Bottom) cell assay plates	Corning: 3904/ 3712
Coelenterazine-h (250µg). Prepare to 10mM	Promega: S2011





## **Assay Protocol – Luminescence**

- 1. Dissociate Culture as Recommended. Collect in Basal Medium. Document Cell Count and Viability
- 2. Centrifuge the cell suspension at 190 x g for six min
- 3. Remove supernatant. Gently resuspend the cell pellet in Basal Medium. *It is suggested that end user optimize cell plating based on individual formats*. (Default: Resuspend in volume to achieve 5x10<sup>5</sup>cells/ml (i.e, if collected 5e6 TC, <sup>5e6/</sup><sub>5e5/ml</sub> =10 mL volume)
- 4. Seed cell suspension into black, clear bottom plate (100 μL/well for 96-well plate). When seeding is complete, place the assay plate at room temperature for 30 min.
- 5. Move assay plate to a humidified 37°C 5% CO<sub>2</sub> incubator for 18-24 h.
- 6. Next day, prepare Assay buffer (HBSS, 20mM HEPES, pH 7.4) and Loading buffer (Assay buffer with 10µM coelenterazine). Note: Please prepare coelenterazine stock according to Manufacturer's Recommendations at 10mM to allow for 1:1000 dilution into Loading buffer (10uM final concentration). It is critical that coelenterazine solution is prepared at room temperature and is protected from light.
- 7. Remove medium from assay plate and wash 1X with Assay Buffer.
- 8. Add Loading buffer to assay plate (100 μL/well for 96-well plate). Incubate plate for 1.5 h at room temperature, protected from light.
- 9. Prepare ligands in assay buffer at 3x final concentration in non-binding plates. Use Buffer Only Control Wells for Background Subtraction.
- 10. Create protocol for ligand addition. Please refer to FLIPR<sup>TETRA</sup>® settings provided in Table 2. Set time course for 180 s, with ligand addition at 10 s.
- 11. After the run is complete, apply subtract bias on sample 1. Export data to analyze using the area under the curve statistic.

## **Assay Protocol – Fluorescence**

- 1. Dissociate Culture as Recommended. Collect in Basal Medium. Document Cell Count and Viability
- 2. Centrifuge the cell suspension at 190 x g for six min
- 3. Remove supernatant. Gently resuspend the cell pellet in Basal Medium. *It is suggested that end user optimize cell plating based on individual formats.* (Default: Resuspend in volume to achieve 5x10<sup>5</sup>cells/ml (i.e, if collected 5e6 TC, <sup>5e6/</sup><sub>5e5/ml</sub> =10 mL volume)
- 4. Seed cell suspension into black, clear bottom plate (100 μL/well for 96-well plate). When seeding is complete, place the assay plate at room temperature for 30 min.
- 5. Move assay plate to a humidified 37°C 5% CO<sub>2</sub> incubator for 18-24 h.
- 6. Next day, prepare Assay buffer (HBSS, 20mM HEPES, 2.5 mM Probenicid, pH 7.4) and Loading buffer (Assay buffer with 5 mM Fluo8 Dye). *Note: Please prepare Fluo8 stock according to Manufacturer's Recommendations*
- 7. Remove medium from assay plate by quickly inverting plate on an absorbent pad and blotting to remove all Media Component.
- 8. Add Loading buffer to assay plate (100  $\mu$ L/well for 96-well plate). Incubate plate for 1.5 h at room temperature, protected from light.
- 9. Prepare ligands in assay buffer at 3x final concentration in non-binding plates. Use Buffer Only Control Wells for Background Subtraction.
- 10. Create protocol for ligand addition. Please refer to FLIPR<sup>TETRA</sup>® settings provided in Table 2. Set time course for 180 s, with ligand addition at 10 s.
- 11. After the run is complete, apply subtract bias on sample 1. We recommend using Negative Control Correction with Buffer Only Wells. Export data to according to research needs. For most Calcium Flux analysis using Export of Max Signal to end of run is sufficient.



### **HOST CELL**

**HEK293** 

#### **EXOGENOUS GENE EXPRESSION**

Human GPR120 cDNA (Accession Number: BC101175.2) and a proprietary mutant clytin photoprotein expressed in a bicistronic vector

### **RELATED PRODUCTS**

Product Number	Description
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HTSHEK-1L ChemiBrite™ HEK293 stable cell line (control cells)
HTS198L ChemiBrite™ HEK293 GPR119 stable cell line

#### REFERENCES

- 1. Oh et al. (2010) GPR120 is an omega-3 fatty acid receptor mediating potent anti-inflammatory and insulinsensitizing effects. *Cell.* 142(5):687-698.
- 2. Myhrstad et al. (2011) Effect of marine n-3 fatty acids on circulating inflammatory markers in healthy subjects and subjects with cardiovascular risk factors. *Inflamm Res.* 60(4):309-319.
- 3. Hirasawa et al. (2005). Free fatty acids regulate gut incretion in glucagon-like peptide-1 secretion through GPR120. *Nature Medicine*:11:90-94
- 4. Briscoe et al. (2006) Pharmacological regulation of insulin secretion in MIN6 cells through the fatty acid receptor GPR40: identification of the agonist and antagonist small molecules *Br J Pharm* 146:619-628

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